1	STATE CONSTRUCTION CODE AMENDMENTS					
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH					
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4 5	LONG TITLE					
6	General Description:					
7	This bill modifies provisions of the State Construction Code.					
8	Highlighted Provisions:					
9	This bill:					
10	<ul> <li>adopts the 2014 National Electrical Code;</li> </ul>					
11	► adds an amendment to the 2014 National Electrical Code that relates to certain					
12	circuit breakers;					
13	► modifies a local amendment to the International Residential Code that applies to the					
14	City of Farmington;					
15	• updates a reference to the International Fire Code from the 2009 edition to the 2012					
16	edition; and					
17	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>					
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:					
19	None					
20	Other Special Clauses:					
21	None					
22	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>					
23	AMENDS:					
24	15A-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 279 and 297					
25	15A-3-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 297					
26	15A-3-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 297					
27	<b>15A-4-107</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 14					
28	<b>15A-4-203</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 14					
29						
30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
31	Section 1. Section 15A-2-103 is amended to read:					
32	15A-2-103. Specific editions adopted of construction code of a nationally					

33	recognized	code	authority
33	iccognized	Couc	aumonity

34	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, the following construction codes are		
35	incorporated by reference, and together with the amendments specified in Chapter 3, Statewid		
36	Amendments to International Plumbing Code, and Chapter 4, Local Amendments Incorporate		
37	as Part of State Construction Code, are the construction standards to be applied to building		
38	construction, alteration, remodeling, and repair, and in the regulation of building construction,		
39	alteration, remodeling, and repair in the state:		
40	(a) the 2012 edition of the International Building Code, including Appendix J, issued		
41	by the International Code Council;		
42	(b) the 2012 edition of the International Residential Code, issued by the International		
43	Code Council;		
44	(c) the 2012 edition of the International Plumbing Code, issued by the International		
45	Code Council;		
46	(d) the 2012 edition of the International Mechanical Code, issued by the International		
47	Code Council;		
48	(e) the 2012 edition of the International Fuel Gas Code, issued by the International		
49	Code Council;		
50	(f) the [2011] 2014 edition of the National Electrical Code, issued by the National Fire		
51	Protection Association;		
52	(g) the 2012 edition of the International Energy Conservation Code, issued by the		
53	International Code Council;		
54	(h) subject to Subsection 15A-2-104(2), the HUD Code;		
55	(i) subject to Subsection 15A-2-104(1), Appendix E of the 2012 edition of the		
56	International Residential Code, issued by the International Code Council; and		
57	(j) subject to Subsection 15A-2-104(1), the 2005 edition of the NFPA 225 Model		
58	Manufactured Home Installation Standard, issued by the National Fire Protection Association.		
59	(2) Consistent with Title 65A, Chapter 8, Management of Forest Lands and Fire		
60	Control, the Legislature adopts the 2006 edition of the Utah Wildland Urban Interface Code,		
61	issued by the International Code Council, with the alternatives or amendments approved by the		
62	Utah Division of Forestry, as a construction code that may be adopted by a local compliance		
63	agency by local ordinance or other similar action as a local amendment to the codes listed in		

- 64 this section.
- Section 2. Section **15A-3-303** is amended to read:
- 66 15A-3-303. Amendments to Chapter 3 of IPC.
- 67 (1) In IPC, Section 303.4, the following exception is added:
- 68 "Exception: Third-party certification for backflow prevention assemblies will consist of any
- 69 combination of two certifications, laboratory or field. Acceptable third party laboratory
- 70 certifying agencies are ASSE, IAPMO, and USC-FCCCHR. USC-FCCCHR currently
- 71 provides the only field testing of backflow protection assemblies. Also see
- 72 www.drinkingwater.utah.gov and Division of Drinking Water Rule, Utah Administrative Code,
- 73 R309-305-6."
- 74 (2) IPC, Section 304.3, Meter Boxes, is deleted.
- 75 (3) IPC, Section 311.1, is deleted.
- 76 (4) In IPC, Section 312.3, the following is added at the end of the paragraph:
- "Where water is not available at the construction site or where freezing conditions limit
- the use of water on the construction site, plastic drainage and vent pipe may be permitted to be
- 79 tested with air. The following procedures shall be followed:
- 80 1. Contractor shall recognize that plastic is extremely brittle at lower temperatures and can
- 81 explode, causing serious injury or death.
- 82 2. Contractor assumes all liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property or for
- 83 claims for labor and/or material arising from any alleged failure of the system during testing
- 84 with air or compressed gasses.
- 85 3. Proper personal protective equipment, including safety eyewear and protective headgear,
- should be worn by all individuals in any area where an air or gas test is being conducted.
- 4. Contractor shall take all precautions necessary to limit the pressure within the plastic piping.
- 88 5. No [water supply] drain and vent system shall be pressurized in excess of 6 psi as measured
- 89 by accurate gauges graduated to no more than three times the test pressure.
- 90 6. The pressure gauge shall be monitored during the test period, which should not exceed 15
- 91 minutes.
- 92 7. At the conclusion of the test, the system shall be depressurized gradually, all trapped air or
- 93 gases should be vented, and test balls and plugs should be removed with caution."
- 94 (5) In IPC, Section 312.5, the following is added at the end of the paragraph:

"Where water is not available at the construction site or where freezing conditions limit the use of water on the construction site, plastic water pipes may be permitted to be tested with

- 97 air. The following procedures shall be followed:
- 98 1. Contractor shall recognize that plastic is extremely brittle at lower temperatures and can
- 99 explode, causing serious injury or death.
- 2. Contractor assumes all liability for injury or death to persons or damage to property or for
- 101 claims for labor and/or material arising from any alleged failure of the system during testing
- with air or compressed gasses.
- 3. Proper personal protective equipment, including safety eyewear and protective headgear,
- should be worn by all individuals in any area where an air or gas test is being conducted.
- 4. Contractor shall take all precautions necessary to limit the pressure within the plastic piping.
- 5. Water supply systems shall be pressure tested to a minimum of 50 psi but not more than 80
- psi as measured by accurate gauges graduated to no more than three times the test pressure.
- 108 6. The pressure gauge shall be monitored during the test period, which should not exceed 15
- 109 minutes.
- 7. At the conclusion of the test, the system shall be depressurized gradually, all trapped air or
- gases should be vented, and test balls and plugs should be removed with caution."
- 112 (6) A new IPC, Section 312.10.3, is added as follows: "312.10.3 Tester Qualifications.
- 113 Testing shall be performed by a Utah Certified Backflow Preventer Assembly Tester in
- accordance with Utah Administrative Code, R309-305."
- Section 3. Section **15A-3-601** is amended to read:
- 116 **15A-3-601.** General provision.
- The following are adopted as amendments to the NEC to be applicable statewide:
- 118 (1) The IRC provisions are adopted as the residential electrical standards applicable to
- installations applicable under the IRC. All other installations shall comply with the adopted
- 120 NEC.
- 121 [(2) In NEC, Section 310.15(B)(7), the second sentence is deleted and replaced with
- the following: "For application of this section, the main power feeder shall be the feeder(s)
- between the main disconnect and the panelboard(s)."
- 124 (2) In NEC, Section 240.87(B) the following is added as an additional approved
- equivalent means:

126	"6. An instantaneous trip function set at or below the available fault current."				
127	Section 4. Section <b>15A-4-107</b> is amended to read:				
128	15A-4-107. Amendments to IBC applicable to Sandy City.				
129	The following amendments are adopted as amendments to the IBC for Sandy City:				
130	(1) A new IBC, Section (F)903.2.13, is added as follows: "(F)903.2.13 An automatic				
131	sprinkler system shall be installed in accordance with NFPA 13 throughout buildings				
132	containing all occupancies where fire flow exceeds 2,000 gallons per minute, based on Table				
133	B105.1 of the [2009] 2012 International Fire Code. Exempt locations as indicated in Section				
134	903.3.1.1.1 are allowed.				
135	Exception: Automatic fire sprinklers are not required in buildings used solely for worship,				
136	Group R Division 3, Group U occupancies and buildings complying with the International				
137	Residential Code unless otherwise required by the International Fire Code.				
138	(2) A new IBC, Appendix L, is added and adopted as follows: "Appendix L				
139	BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES CONSTRUCTED IN AREAS DESIGNATED AS				
140	WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE AREAS				
141	AL 101.1 General. Buildings and structures constructed in areas designated as Wildland-Urban				
142	Interface Areas by Sandy City shall be constructed using ignition resistant construction as				
143	determined by the Fire Marshal. Section 502 of the 2006 International Wildland-Urban				
144	Interface Code (IWUIC), as promulgated by the International Code Council, shall be used to				
145	determine Fire Hazard Severity. The provisions listed in Chapter 5 of the 2006 International				
146	Wildland-Urban Interface Code, as modified herein, shall be used to determine the				
147	requirements for Ignition Resistant Construction.				
148	(i) In Section 504 of the IWUIC Class I IGNITION-RESISTANT CONSTRUCTION a new				
149	Section 504.1.1 is added as follows: "504.1.1 General. Subsections 504.5, 504.6, and 504.7				
150	shall only be required on the exposure side of the structure, as determined by the Fire Marshal,				
151	where defensible space is less than 50 feet as defined in Section 603 of the 2006 International				
152	Wildland-Urban Interface Code.				
153	(ii) In Section 505 of the IWUIC Class 2 IGNITION-RESISTANT CONSTRUCTION				
154	Subsections 505.5 and 505.7 are deleted."				
155	Section 5. Section 15A-4-203 is amended to read:				
156	15A-4-203. Amendments to IRC applicable to City of Farmington.				

The following amendments are adopted as amendments to the IRC for the City of Farmington:

- (1) In IRC, R324 Automatic Sprinkler Systems, new IRC, Sections R324.1 and R324.2 are added as follows: "R324.1 [When required]. An automatic sprinkler system [shall] may be installed throughout [every] any dwelling in accordance with NFPA 13D[, when any of the following conditions are present:] and the requirements of this section.
- 163 [1. the structure is over two stories high, as defined by the building code;]
- 164 [2. the nearest point of structure is more than 150 feet from the public way;]
- 165 [3. the total floor area of all stories is over 5,000 square feet (excluding from the calculation
- the area of the basement and/or garage); or]

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- 167 [4. the structure is located on a street constructed after March 1, 2000 that has a gradient over
- 168 12% and, during fire department response, access to the structure will be gained by using such
- street. (If the access is intended to be from a direction where the steep gradient is not used, as
- 170 determined by the Chief, this criteria shall not apply).]
- 171 R324.2 Installation requirements and standards. Such sprinkler system shall be installed in
- basements, but need not be installed in garages, under eves or in enclosed attic spaces, unless
- 173 required by the Chief. [Such system shall be installed in accordance with NFPA 13D.]"
- 174 (2) In IRC, Chapter 44, the following NFPA referenced standards are added as follows:

175		"TABLE
176	ADD	
177	13D-07	Installation of Sprinkler Systems in One- and Two-family
		Dwellings and Manufactured Homes, as amended by
		these rules
178	13R-07	Installation of Sprinkler Systems in Residential
		Occupancies Up to and Including Four Stories in Height"

- 179 (3) In NFPA, Section 13D-07, new sections are added as follows: "1.15 Reference to
- NFPA 13D. All references to NFPA 13D in the codes, ordinances, rules, or regulations
- 181 governing NFPA 13D systems shall be read to refer to "modified NFPA 13D" to reference the
- NFPA 13D as amended by additional regulations adopted by Farmington City.
- 4.9 Testing and Inspection of Systems. Testing and inspection of sprinkler systems shall
- include, but are not limited to:

- 185 Residential:
- 186 ROUGH Inspection-Verify Water Supply Piping Size and Materials, Installation of Riser,
- 187 System Piping, Head Locations and all Components, Hydrostatic Pressure Test.
- 188 FINAL Inspection-Inspectors Test Flow, System Completeness, Spare Parts, Labeling of
- 189 Components and Signage, Alarm Function, Water Supply Pressure Verification.
- 190 5.2.2.3 Exposed Piping of Metal. Exposed Sprinkler Piping material in rooms of dwellings
- shall be of Metal.
- 192 EXCEPTIONS:
- a. CPVC Piping is allowed in unfinished mechanical and storage rooms only when specifically
- listed for the application as installed.
- b. CPVC Piping is allowed in finished, occupied rooms used for sports courts or similar uses
- only when the ceiling/floor framing above is constructed entirely of non-combustible materials,
- such as a concrete garage floor on metal decking.
- 198 5.2.2.4 Water Supply Piping Material. Water Supply Piping from where the water line enters
- the dwelling adjacent to and inside the foundation to the fire sprinkler contractor
- 200 point-of-connection shall be metal, suitable for potable plumbing systems. See Section 7.1.4
- 201 for valve prohibition in such piping. Piping down stream from the point-of-connection used in
- the fire sprinkler system, including the riser, shall conform to NFPA 13D standards.
- 203 5.4 Fire Pump Disconnect Signs. When installing a Fire Pump, Red Plastic Laminate Signs
- shall be installed in the electrical service panel, if the pump is wired separately from the main
- 205 disconnect. These signs shall state: "Fire Pump Disconnect ONLY" and "Main Breaker DOES
- NOT Shut Off Fire Pump".
- 207 7.1.4 Valve Prohibition. NFPA 13D, Section 7.1 is hereby modified such that NO VALVE is
- 208 permitted from the City Water Meter to the Fire Sprinkler Riser Control.
- 209 7.6.1 Mandatory Exterior Alarm. Every dwelling that has a fire sprinkler system shall have an
- 210 exterior alarm, installed in an approved location. The alarm shall be of the combination
- 211 horn/strobe or electric bell/strobe type, approved for outdoor use.
- 8.1.05 Plan Preparation Identification. All plans for fire sprinkler systems, except for
- 213 manufacturer's cut sheets of equipment, shall include the full name of the person who prepared
- 214 the drawings. When the drawings are prepared by a registered professional engineer, the
- engineer's signature shall also be included.

- 216 8.7 Verification of Water Supply:
- 8.7.1 Fire Flow Tests: Fire Flow Tests for verification of Water Supply shall be conducted and
- 218 witnesses for all applications other than residential, unless directed otherwise by the Chief. For
- 219 residential Water Supply, verification shall be determined by administrative procedure.
- 8.7.2 Accurate and Verifiable Criteria. The design calculations and criteria shall include an
- accurate and verifiable Water Supply.

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